## Vocabulary, punctuation and grammar end of year expectations in Year 3



| Word        | Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes [for example super-, anti-, auto-]   |
|-------------|---|
|             | Use of the <b>forms</b> a or an according to whether the next <b>word</b> begins with a <b>consonant</b> or a <b>vowel</b> [for example, <u>a</u> rock, <u>an</u> open box]   |
|             | Word families based on common words, showing how words are related in form and meaning [for example, solve, solution, solver, dissolve, insoluble]  |
| Sentence    | Expressing time, place and cause using <b>conjunctions</b> [for example, when, before, after, while, so, because], <b>adverbs</b> [for example, then, next, soon, therefore], or <b>prepositions</b> [for example, before, after, during, in, because of] |
| Text        | Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material   |
|             | Headings and sub-headings to aid presentation   |
|             | Use of the <b>present perfect</b> form of <b>verbs</b> instead of the simple past [for example, <i>He has gone out to play</i> contrasted with <i>He went out to play</i> ]   |
| Punctuation | Introduction to inverted commas to punctuate direct speech  |
| Terminology | preposition conjunction   |
| for pupils  | word family, prefix   |
|             | clause, subordinate clause  |
|             | direct speech   |
|             | consonant, consonant letter vowel, vowel letter   |
|             | inverted commas (or 'speech marks')   |